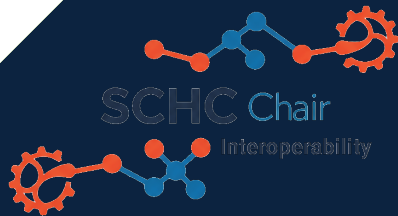




IMT Atlantique
Bretagne-Pays de la Loire
École Mines-Télécom

COMPACT REPRESENTATION OF DATA FROM A YANG DATA MODEL. OPTIMIZING DATA MODELS FOR RESOURCE-CONSTRAINED IOT SYSTEMS



LAURENT TOUTAIN

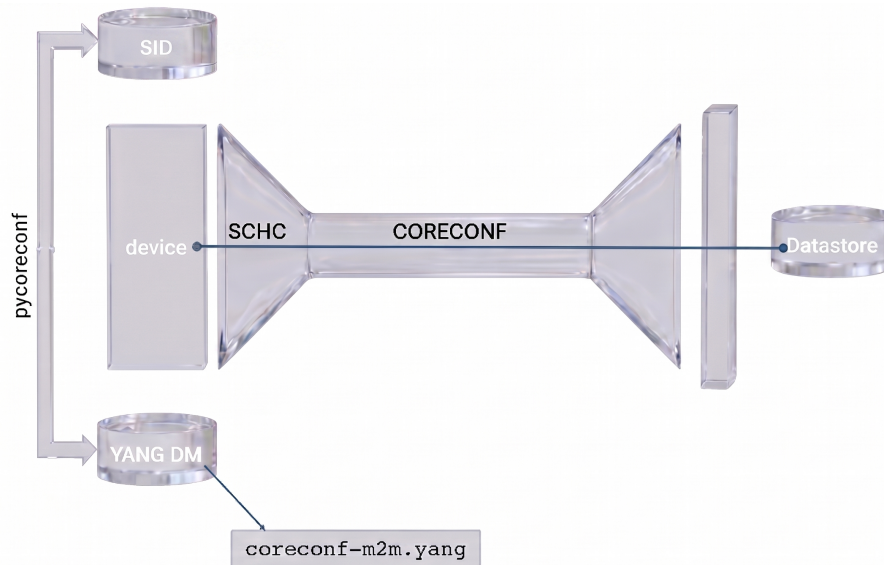
QUESTIONS

1. HOW MANY BYTES FOR 10 TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENTS?
2. WITH INTEROPERABILITY?



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Global architecture



CORECONF

FORMULAIRE

5

2042
c2016
REVENUS 2024

DÉCLARATION DES REVENUS 2024

24
RÉPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE
DIRECTION GÉNÉRALE DES FINANCES PUBLIQUES

Vous déposez une déclaration pour la première fois : ☐ cochez
Joignez une copie de justificatif de votre identité
(carte d'identité, passeport, livret de famille, carte de séjour...)

Vous avez déjà déposé une déclaration. Indiquez :
N° FIP :
N° fiscal :
N° fiscal du conjoint :

NUMÉROS PRÉSENTS SUR LA DÉCLARATION DE REVENUS OU SUR VOTRE DERNIER AVOIR D'IMPÔT

ÉTAT CIVIL

DECLARANT 1 ☐ Marié(e) ☐ Célibataire ☐ Divorcé(e) ☐ Veuf(ve)

DECLARANT 2 ☐ Marié(e) ☐ Célibataire ☐ Divorcé(e) ☐ Veuf(ve)

Nom de naissance :
Prénoms :
Date de naissance :
Lieu de naissance :
Nom auquel vos courriers seront adressés (form d'usage sans le prénom) :
Votre téléphone :
Votre mail :

ADRESSE AU 1^{er} JANVIER 2025

Adresse :
Appartement :
Statut :
CHANGEMENTS D'ADRESSE
Vous avez changé d'adresse en 2024 : ☐ Date du déménagement :
Adresse :
au 1^{er} janvier 2024 :

Form identifier

Predefined value

ARCHITECTURE

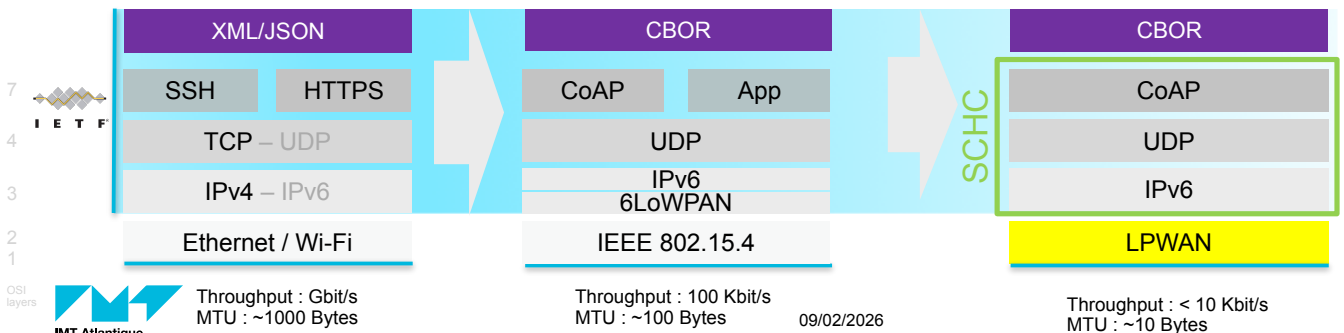
YANG

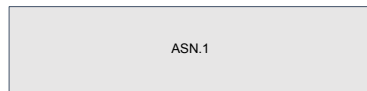
6

Data Model

NETCONF RESTCONF

CORECONF



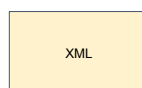
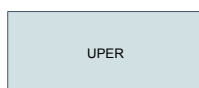
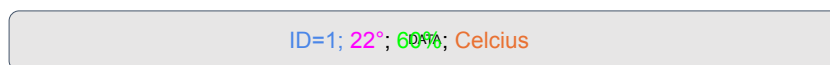
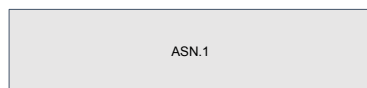


```
module sensor {  
  namespace "urn:example:sensor";  
  prefix "sen";  
  
  container sensor-data {  
    leaf sensor-id {  
      type uint16; }  
    leaf temperature {  
      type int8 {  
        range "-40..85"; } }  
    leaf humidity {  
      type uint8 {  
        range "0..100"; } }  
    leaf unit {  
      type enumeration {  
        enum celsius { value 0; }  
        enum fahrenheit { value 1; } } }  
  }  
}
```

YANG

Data modelling language

RFC 7950. Models config, state, RPCs — and increasingly application data such as sensor telemetry.



```
module sensor {  
  namespace "urn:example:sensor";  
  prefix "sen";  
  
  container sensor-data {  
    leaf sensor-id {  
      type uint16; }  
    leaf temperature {  
      type int8 {  
        range "-40..85"; } }  
    leaf humidity {  
      type uint8 {  
        range "0..100"; } }  
    leaf unit {  
      type enumeration {  
        enum celsius { value 0; }  
        enum fahrenheit { value 1; } } }  
  }  
}
```

```
<sensor-data xmlns="urn:example:sensor">  
  <sensor-id>1</sensor-id>  
  <temperature>22</temperature>  
  <humidity>60</humidity>  
  <unit>celsius</unit>  
</sensor-data>
```

164 bytes

ASN.1

YANG

ID=1; 22°; 60%; Celcius

BER

UPER

XML

JSON

```
module sensor {  
  namespace "urn:example:sensor";  
  prefix "sen";  
  
  container sensor-data {  
    leaf sensor-id {  
      type uint16; }  
    leaf temperature {  
      type int8 {  
        range "-40..85"; } }  
    leaf humidity {  
      type uint8 {  
        range "0..100"; } }  
    leaf unit {  
      type enumeration {  
        enum celsius { value 0; }  
        enum fahrenheit { value 1; } } }  
  }  
}
```

```
<sensor-data xmlns="urn:example:sensor">  
  <sensor-id>1</sensor-id>  
  <temperature>22</temperature>  
  <humidity>60</humidity>  
  <unit>celsius</unit>  
</sensor-data>
```

164 bytes

```
{  
  "sensor:sensor-data": {  
    "sensor-id": 1,  
    "temperature": 22,  
    "humidity": 60,  
    "unit": "celsius"  
  }  
}
```

119 bytes

```
3000000 module sensor  
3000001 data /sensor:sensor-data  
3000002 data /sensor:sensor-data/humidity  
3000003 data /sensor:sensor-data/sensor-id  
3000004 data /sensor:sensor-data/temperature  
3000005 data /sensor:sensor-data/unit
```

YANG

ID=1; 22°; 60%; Celcius

XML

JSON

CBOR

```
module sensor {  
  namespace "urn:example:sensor";  
  prefix "sen";  
  
  container sensor-data {  
    leaf sensor-id {  
      type uint16; }  
    leaf temperature {  
      type int8 {  
        range "-40..85"; } }  
    leaf humidity {  
      type uint8 {  
        range "0..100"; } }  
    leaf unit {  
      type enumeration {  
        enum celsius { value 0; }  
        enum fahrenheit { value 1; } }  
  }  
}
```

```
<sensor-data xmlns="urn:example:sensor">  
  <sensor-id>1</sensor-id>  
  <temperature>22</temperature>  
  <humidity>60</humidity>  
  <unit>celsius</unit>  
</sensor-data>
```

164 bytes

```
{  
  "sensor:sensor-data": {  
    "sensor-id": 1,  
    "temperature": 22,  
    "humidity": 60,  
    "unit": "celsius"  
  }  
}
```

119 bytes

```
A1  
1A 002DC6C1  
A4  
01 18 3C  
02 01  
03 16  
04 00
```

16 bytes

types

CBOR diagnostic – 738 bytes

```
{
  100062: {
    1: [
      {
        33: 100008,
        1: 0,
        17: 1,
        34: "W/m2",
        2: {
          1: {
            1: false
          },
          9: {
            1: false,
            3: 5
          }
        },
        18: {
          1: {
            4: 0,
            1: 0,
            2: 0,
            3: 0,
            6: 0,
            5: 1
          },
          8: 1779070932,
          10: 718
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

JSON

```
{
  "coreconf-m2m:transducers": {
    "transducer": [
      {
        "type": "coreconf-m2m:solar-radiation",
        "id": 0,
        "precision": 1,
        "unit": "W/m2",
        "notification-parameters": {
          "history": {
            "active": false
          },
          "sensor-alert": {
            "active": false,
            "hysteresis": 5
          }
        },
        "quantity": {
          "statistics": {
            "min": "0",
            "max": "0",
            "mean": "0",
            "median": "0",
            "stdev": "0",
            "sample-count": "1"
          },
          "timestamp": "1779070932",
          "u-timestamp": 718
        }
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

CBOR diagnostic – 738 bytes	JSON
<pre>{ 100062: { 1: [{ 33: 100008, 1: 0, 17: 1, 34: "W/m2", 2: { 1: { 1: false }, 9: { 1: false, 3: 5 } }, 18: { 1: { 4: 0, 1: 0, 2: 0, 3: 0, 6: 0, 5: 1 } }, 8: 1779070932, 10: 718 }] } }</pre>	<pre>{ "coreconf-m2m:transducers": { "transducer": [{ "type": "coreconf-m2m:solar-radiation", "id": 0, "precision": 1, "unit": "W/m2", "notification-parameters": { "history": { "active": false }, "sensor-alert": { "active": false, "hysteresis": 5 } }, "quantity": { "statistics": { "min": "0", "max": "0", "mean": "0", "median": "0", "stdev": "0", "sample-count": "1" } }, "timestamp": "1779070932", "u-timestamp": 718 }] } }</pre>

CBOR diagnostic – 738 bytes	JSON
<pre>{ 100062: { 1: [{ 33: 100008, 1: 0, 17: 1, 34: "W/m2", 2: { 1: { 1: false }, 9: { 1: false, 3: 5 } }, 18: { 1: { 4: 0, 1: 0, 2: 0, 3: 0, 6: 0, 5: 1 } }, 8: 1779070932, 10: 718 }] } }</pre>	<pre>{ "coreconf-m2m:transducers": { "transducer": [{ "type": "coreconf-m2m:solar-radiation", "id": 0, "precision": 1, "unit": "W/m2", "notification-parameters": { "history": { "active": false }, "sensor-alert": { "active": false, "hysteresis": 5 } }, "quantity": { "statistics": { "min": "0", "max": "0", "mean": "0", "median": "0", "stdev": "0", "sample-count": "1" } }, "timestamp": "1779070932", "u-timestamp": 718 }] } }</pre>

Type

- CBOR structure = JSON structure
 - key: delta encoded or string following the hierarchy
 - value type is needed for leaf value conversion
- Include type into the sid file
 - convenient since sid $\Leftrightarrow$ YANG name is present
- 4 types
 - YANG basic types (uint, int, float, string,)
 - identityref
 - enumeration
 - bits
- union

test sid-extension in pyang

```
%uvx --from git+https://github.com/ltn22/pyang@sid-extension
pyang -p ../pyang/modules/ietf/ --sid-generate-file=100000:400
--sid-extension coreconf-m2m@2026-03-29.yang
WARNING: Module 'ietf-geo-location' imported without revision,
using latest revision 2022-02-11
File coreconf-m2m@2026-03-29.sid created
Number of SIDs available : 400
Number of SIDs used : 98
```

coreconf-m2m@2026-03-29.sid

```
{
  "namespace": "data",
  "identifier": "/coreconf-m2m:characteristics",
  "status": "unstable",
  "sid": "100018"
},

{
  "namespace": "data",
  "identifier": "/coreconf-m2m:history/time-series/id",
  "status": "unstable",
  "sid": "100045",
  "type": "uint8"
},

{
  "namespace": "data",
  "identifier": "/coreconf-m2m:sensor-alert/target/type",
  "status": "unstable",
  "sid": "100058",
  "type": "identityref"
},

{
  "namespace": "data",
  "identifier": "/coreconf-m2m:transducer",
  "status": "unstable",
  "sid": "100090",
  "type": {
    "0": "source",
    "1": "receiver"
  }
},
```

Example

```
sid_path = "coreconf-m2m@2026-03-29.sid"
ccm = pycoreconf.CORECONFModel(sid_path)
```

```
cbor_data = ccm.encode_json(json_file)
decoded_json = ccm.decode(cbor_data)
```

see:

<https://github.com/alex-fddz/pycoreconf/blob/main/samples/datastore/main.py>

key_mapping

key_mapping

Used to navigate inside the data structure:

- When reaching a list, the leaf acting as a key must be known.
- `key_mapping` in the sid file adds this information:
 - JSON key indicates which nodes are YANG list.
 - JSON array gives the list of YANG nodes acting as a YANG key.
 - association the value in this YANG key with the values given in the request.

```
"key-mapping": {  
  "100063": [  
    100096,  
    100064  
  ],  
  "100044": [  
    100050,  
    100045  
  ],  
  "100056": [  
    100058,  
    100057  
  ]  
}
```

pycoreconf datastore, direct code manipulation:

```
ds = ccm.create_datastore_from_cbor(cbor_data)
transducer_keys = ds[("/transducers/transducer")]
xpath_entry =
    "/transducers/transducer[type='coreconf-m2m:solar-radiation'][id='0']"
entry = ds[xpath_entry]
ds[xpath_entry+"quantity/statitics/sample_count"] += 1

new_xpath =
    "/transducers/transducer[type='coreconf-m2m:solar-radiation'][id='1']"
ds[new_xpath] = {'precision': 3}

for pred in ds.predicates("/transducers/transducer"):
    xpath_sc = f"/transducers/transducer{pred}/quantity/.../sample-count"
    ds[xpath_sc] += 1
```

Interaction with CoAP

```
async def render_fetch(self, request):

    if not request.payload:
        return Message(payload=self.db.to_coreconf_cbor(), content_format=142)
    item = request.payload

    if type(item) is int:
        leaf_sid = item
        keys = []
    else:
        leaf_sid, *keys = item

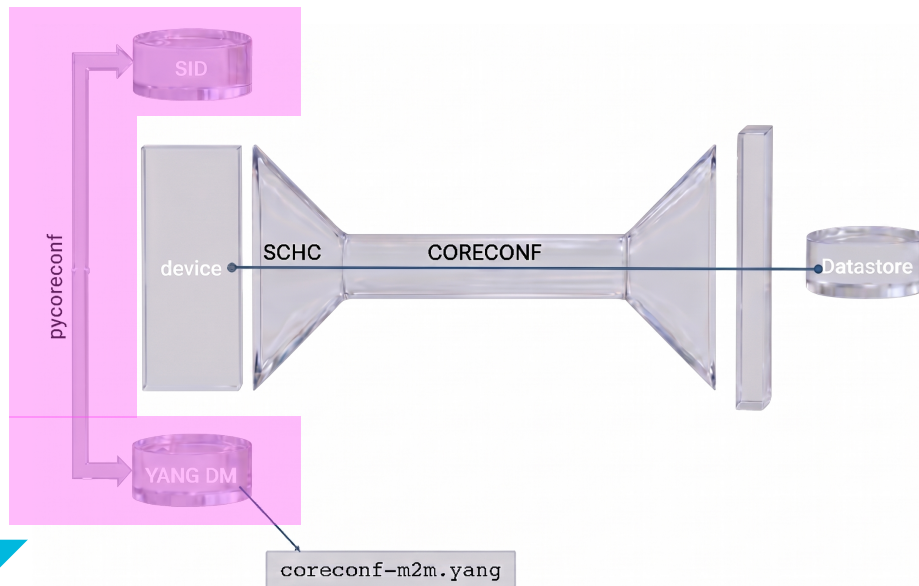
    raw = cbor.loads(self.db.to_coreconf_cbor())
    result = self.db.model.findSID(raw, sid=leaf_sid, keys=keys, depth=depth)
    if result is not None:
        return Message(payload=result.getvalue(), content_format=142)
```

Interaction with CoAP

```
async def render_ipatch(self, request):  
  
    for key, value in cbor.loads(request.payload).items():  
        xpath = f"/{MODULE}:" + self.db.datastore._create_xpath(key[0], key[1:]).lstrip("/")  
        incoming = next(iter(json.loads(self.db.model.toJSON(cbor.dumps(value))).values()))  
        existing = self.db.datastore[xpath]  
        merged = {**existing, **incoming}  
  
        self.db.datastore[xpath] = merged  
  
    return Message(code=numbers.codes.Code.CHANGED)
```



Global architecture



CORECONF-M2M

Existing approaches don't fully fit constrained, peer-to-peer M2M exchanges over low-power links

THE GAP

SenML

Flexible serialization, but no strong typing, schema validation, or remote-operation support

LwM2M

Adds device management on CoAP/SenML, but periodic registration adds overhead on LPWANs

CORECONF today

Strong YANG typing + CBOR/SID compactness — but designed operator-to-device, not peer-to-peer M2M

THIS DRAFT'S USE CASES



Resource discovery

Transducers (sensors/actuators) advertise type, unit and precision



Simple query

Each transducer individually queried or set via FETCH / IPATCH



Statistical computation

Device computes mean, variance, min, max — resettable on demand



Alert notification

Threshold crossing (min/max) triggers an immediate notification



Time series

Samples collected and pushed once a count, size or duration limit is reached

```

module: coreconf-m2m
+--ro state
| +--ro uptime? uint64
+--rw characteristics
| +--rw name? string
| +--rw version? string
| +--rw identifier? string
+--rw transducers
+--rw transducer* [type id]
| +--rw type identityref
| +--rw id uint8
| +--rw unit? string
| +--rw precision? uint8
+--ro quantity
| +--ro value? int64
| +--ro timestamp? uint64
| +--ro u-timestamp? uint32
| +--ro timestamp-source? enumeration
+--ro statistics
| +--ro min? int64
| +--ro max? int64
| +--ro mean? int64
| +--ro median? int64
| +--ro stdev? uint64
| +--ro sample-count? uint64
+--rw notification-parameters
+--rw notification-parameters
| +--rw history
| | +--ro active? boolean
| | +--rw step? uint32
| | +--rw precision? uint8
| | +--rw max-samples? uint32
| | +--rw time-period? uint32
| | +--rw encoding? encoding-type
| | +--rw max-payload? uint32
| | +--rw check-interval? uint16
| +--rw sensor-alert
| | +--ro active? boolean
| | +--rw t-min? int32
| | +--rw t-max? int32
| | +--rw hysteresis? uint8
| | +--rw dampening? uint32
| | +--rw check-interval? uint16
+--x reset-stats

notifications:
+--n history
| +--ro last? boolean
| +--ro time-series* [type id]
| | +--ro type identityref
| | +--ro id uint8
| | +--ro values* int64
| | +--ro internal
| | | +--ro last-update? uint64
| | | +--ro start-time? uint64
| | | +--ro messages-sent? uint64
+--n sensor-alert
+--ro target* [type id]
| +--ro type identityref
| +--ro id uint8
| +--ro value? int64

```

On the wire: compact CoAP traffic

Two CoAP methods, two content-formats, and SID-based CBOR keep every exchange SCHC-friendly



FETCH *replaces GET*

Body carries the exact SIDs to retrieve — precise, bandwidth-efficient reads, also used with Observe to subscribe to notifications.



iPATCH *replaces PUT / POST*

Partial updates of quantities and notification parameters; an empty value clears a node, so DELETE is unnecessary.

141 application/yang-fetch+cbor — FETCH request bodies 142 application/yang-data+cbor;id=sid — all responses & iPATCH payloads



Non-Confirmable

FETCH / iPATCH sent as CoAP NON — fewer fixed header patterns means tighter SCHC compression on constrained links.



DTLS / OSCORE

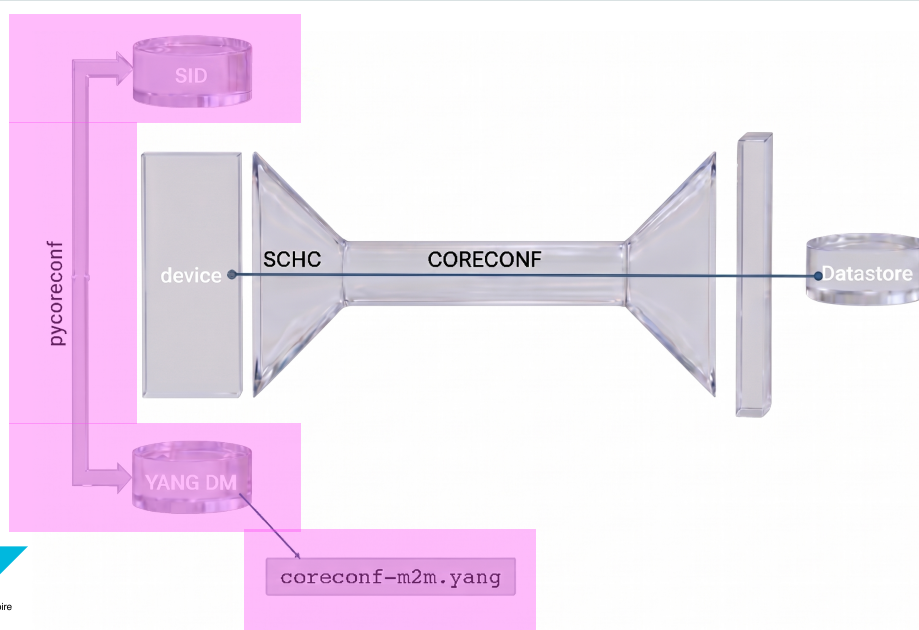
Security **MUST** be enforced at the CoAP layer; trust matters even more without a central manager in pure M2M setups.



SID range 100000–399

Example allocation for this draft's module; official IANA values to be assigned before publication.

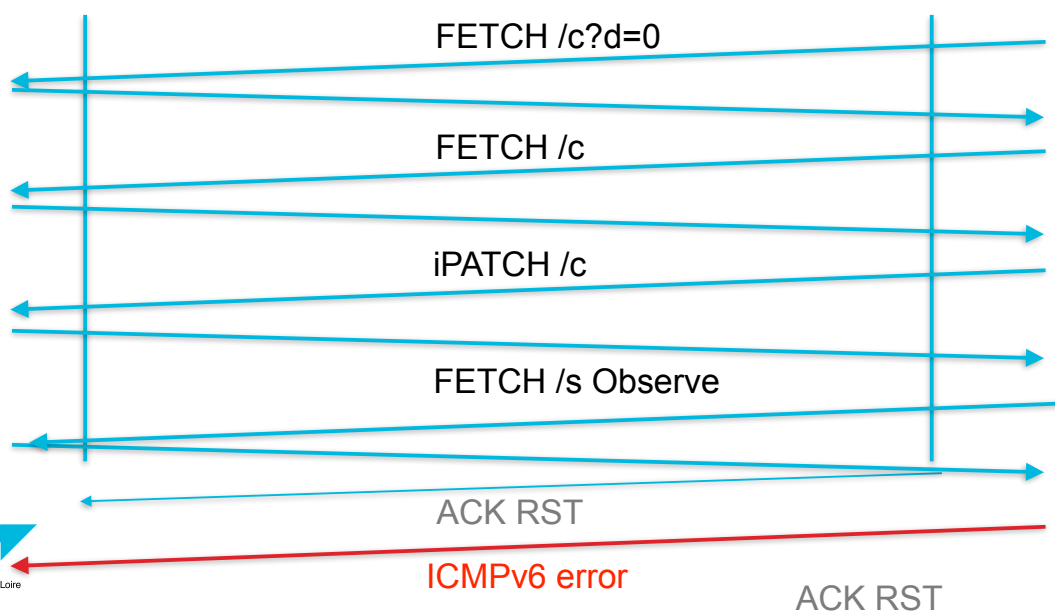
Global architecture

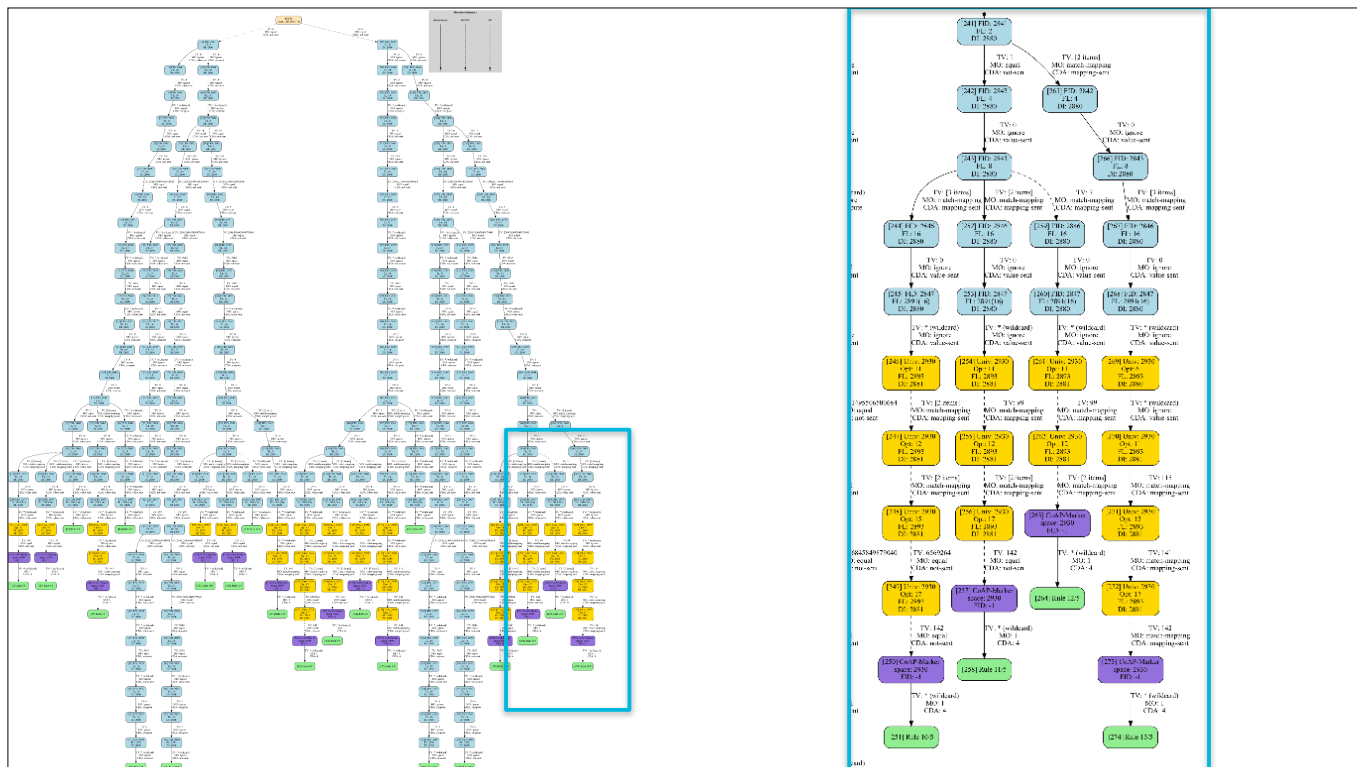


SCHC

SCHC

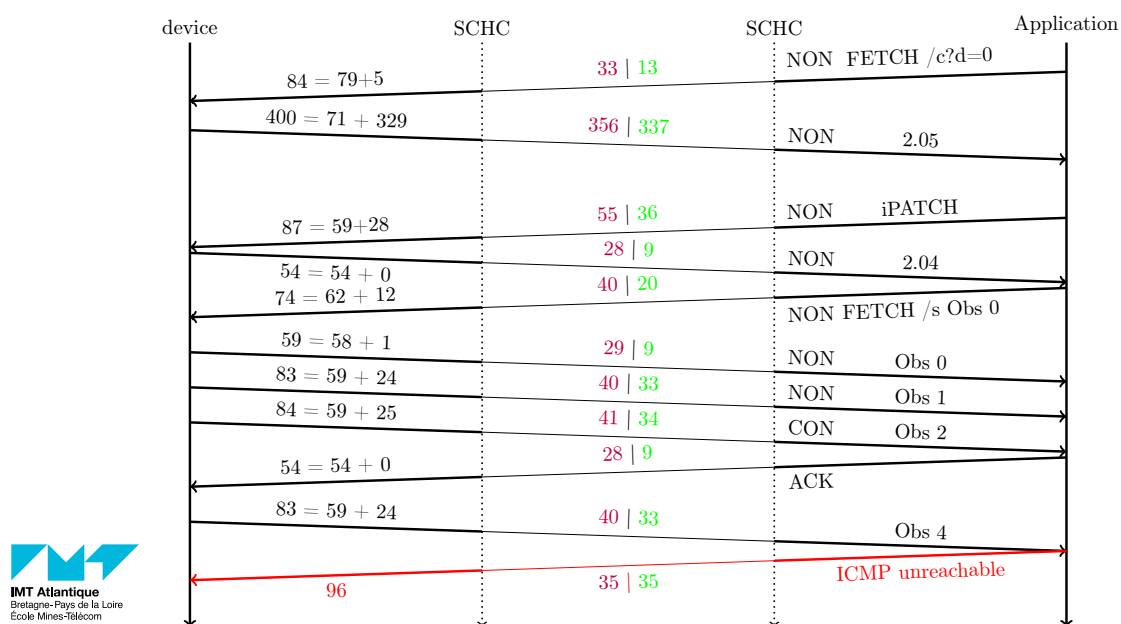
32

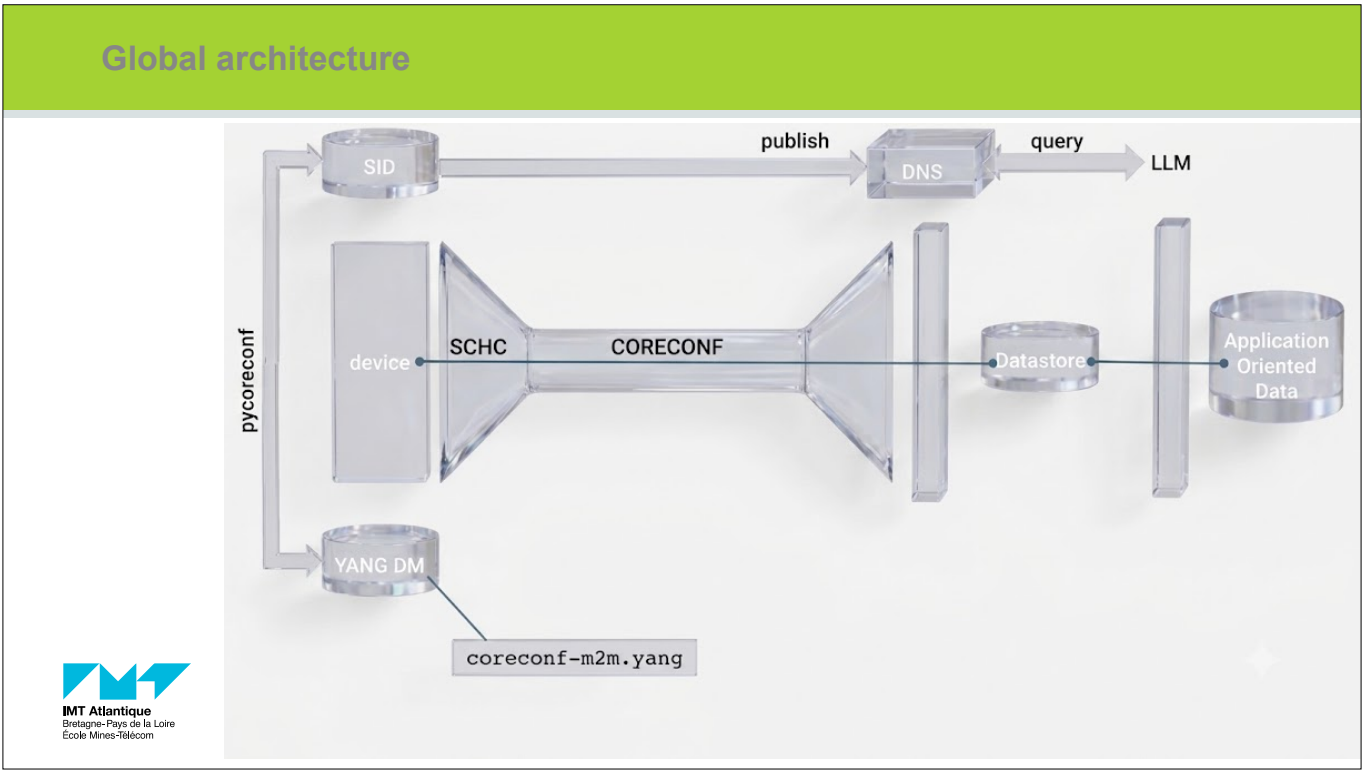




COMPRESSION RESULTS

34





NEXT STEPS

1. CORECONF HAS NEVER BEEN SO EASY.
2. ADD DYNAMIC RULE MANAGEMENT
3. REAL LORAWAN NETWORK
4. SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS
5. LINK TO ONTOLOGIES

QUESTION?

